Venture Capital Term Sheets 101: Understanding Critical Terms of Your Early Stage Venture Deal

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Objectives of Program

- To provide overview of venture capital investment transaction; and
- To provide understanding of critical deal terms; and
- To provide foundation for win-win venture transaction

**NOTICE:** THIS PRESENTATION IS INTENDED TO PROVIDE GENERAL INFORMATION ON THE SUBJECT MATTER HEREIN AND SHOULD NOT BE CONSTRUED AS LEGAL ADVICE. A VENTURE CAPITAL INVESTMENT IS A COMPLEX UNDERTAKING. BEFORE ENTERING INTO SUCH A TRANSACTION, YOU SHOULD SEEK THE ADVICE OF EXPERIENCED LAWYERS, ACCOUNTANTS AND OTHER BUSINESS ADVISORS.
Roadmap of Program

- (1) Introduction
- (2) Overview of Venture Capital Deal
- (3) Top 5 Critical Deal Terms
- (4) Questions and Answers
- (5) Conclusion
About Shelowitz & Associates

- Shelowitz & Associates is a business law firm with extensive expertise representing U.S. and international entrepreneurs and businesses in a diverse range of industries.

- Shelowitz & Associates delivers the highest levels of quality and service with a practical, business approach, and a focus on personal attention.

- The Shelowitz & Associates philosophy rests on a single objective: to assist our clients achieve their business goals.

- At Shelowitz & Associates, we partner with our clients – becoming a key part of their business team.
About Shelowitz & Associates

big law firm quality.
no big firm fees.
M. Shelowitz Background

- Business lawyer with 18 years of experience
- Involved in Venture Deals for over 12 years
- Represent Investors and Portfolio Companies
Shelowitz & Associates PLLC is Proud to Announce

Mitchell C. Shelowitz

Has Been Recognized As One of The Top Business Lawyers in New York City by New York Super Lawyers

New York Super Lawyers 2009 includes the top 5% of attorneys in the New York Metro area
About Shelowitz & Associates

Mitchell C. Shelowitz - Experience at Top Law Firms and Companies

Law Firms

✓ Shelowitz & Associates (2007-Present)
✓ Greenberg Traurig (2006-2007)
✓ Goldfarb, Levy, Eran & Co. (Tel Aviv) (1997-1999)
✓ Proskauer Rose (1991-1996)

Companies

✓ Ceragon Networks (NASDAQ: CRNT), General Counsel and Corporate Secretary (2000-2004)
✓ Gilat Satellite Networks (NASDAQ: GILT), Sr. In-House Counsel (1999-2000)
Overview of The Successful Venture Deal

- (1) Presentation of Business Plan to Investors
- (2) Initial Meetings and Initial Due Diligence
- (3) Delivery of Term Sheet by Investor
- (4) Negotiation and Signature of Term Sheet
- (5) Deeper Due Diligence by Investors
- (6) Negotiation of Investment Documents
- (7) Closing -- Transaction Documents Signed and Money and Shares Exchanged

*Venture deals may break off prior to completing any of these stages*
Standard Issues to Consider

1. Limited liability company vs. Corporation
2. Primary office location
3. Interim bridge financing (promissory notes)?
4. Who signs term sheet for company (who is founder?)
5. How much capital is required?
6. How will capital be used?
Importance of Term Sheet

The Venture Investment Begins with a Term Sheet

- Sets forth key business terms
- Term Sheet negotiations provide window to both sides
- Provides Venture Fund with opportunity to assess leadership, judgment, and sophistication of founders
- Test for compatibility with business culture
- The National Venture Capital Association has standard template which is helpful reference (handed out for reference)
The Venture Deal: Customary Transaction Documents

(1) Purchase Agreement (Stock or Unit)
(2) Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation/Operating Agreement
(3) Investors Rights Agreement
(4) Right of First Refusal and Co-Sale Agreement
(5) Key Employee Employment Agreement (including non-competes)
(6) Intellectual Property Assignment Agreement
(7) Board and Shareholder Resolutions
(8) Officer Certificates
The Venture Deal: Sample Timeline

Term Sheet Presented

2-4 weeks

Term Sheet Signed

1-2 weeks

Transaction Documents Presented

30-60 days

Closing

*These timelines are examples only and may deviate from deal to deal*
Your Top 5 Critical Deal Terms
Venture Capital Term Sheets 101: Your Top 5 Critical Deal Terms

• **Venture Capital Term Sheets are Complex**
  - contain numerous complex business and legal terms
  - provisions may vary by investor preference
  - each provision deserves a separate seminar

• **Goal of this Summary**
  - to familiarize you with key customary terms
  - to facilitate a successful transaction with investors

• **Venture Capitalist’s Goal**
  - to earn a significant return on investment on Exit
    • M&A or Qualified IPO
    • for more on this See Handout by Guy Kawasaki
1. **Reverse Vesting of Founder Stock**  
   **(Mandatory Minimum Employment Period)**

- Stock owned by Founder may be forfeited
- Investors typically expect 5 year commitment
- Reverse vesting would result in forfeiture of percentage of founder’s stock for departure from company months or years prior to completion of minimum employment period
- Often qualified if departure “for cause,” “without cause”, by resignation with or without “good reason”
- Founders hate this provision, but it is typically a deal breaker for the investors
2. Funding Model – One Payment or Multiple Payments

Various Approaches Limited by Investors’ Creativity

- Initial Financing by Convertible Promissory Note (convertible on qualified equity round)
- Full Funding at Initial Closing
- Tranche-Based Investing based upon Milestones – initial funding amount at closing followed by additional funds
  - Technological Achievement Based (Prototypes, Commercial Production, Beta launch, etc.)
  - Commercial Penetration Based (contracts signed, purchase orders received, invoices mailed)
  - Revenue Based (upon reaching revenues of $X)
3. Liquidation Preferences and Redemption

The Liquidation Preference is the Heart of the Investor’s Incentive to Invest --

(a) Types of Preferences
   (i) Non-Participating
   (ii) Participating (most common)

(b) Multiples
   (i) 1X
   (ii) 2X-4X

(c) Exercise of Preference
   (i) Upon Liquidation Event (liquidation, M&A)
   (ii) Example
3. Liquidation Preferences and Redemption (cont’d)

Redemption – Allows Investor to force repurchase by Company of stock after certain period of time if no liquidation event or Qualified IPO occurs

(a) Redemption Right Exercisable – us. after 5-7 years
(b) Original purchase price plus accrued dividends
(c) May be exercisable in one transaction or several
(d) Usually not negotiable
4. Board Composition and Protective Provisions

What is agreed size of Board of Directors?

How many seats are held by Investors?

Do Founders Retain Veto Power on Any Issues? e.g., creative control of company, concept, markets?

How involved will Board be with day to day operations?

Board usually comprised of uneven number.
4. Board Composition and Protective Provisions (cont’d)

Investors have veto right over Company initiatives, including (but not limited to):

(i) liquidations, dissolutions, and any Deemed Liquidation Events;

(ii) amendments to Certificate of Incorporation or Bylaws;

(iii) issuance of additional equity or debt;

(iv) purchasing or redeeming or paying dividends on stock prior to the Series A Preferred;

(v) increase or decrease the size of the Board of Directors;

(vi) modifying the approved budget.
5. Conversion and Anti-Dilution Protection

Critical Sections – Complex

Conversion of Preferred Stock to Common occurs either:

(i) under mandatory condition; e.g., qualified IPO; or

(ii) as of right by investor option (on vote of agreed majority of Investors)

Conversion is based upon “original issue price” subject to adjustments to “conversion price”

Preferred Rights relinquished by Investors on Conversion
5. Conversion and Anti-Dilution Protection (cont’d)

Anti-Dilution Protection: comes into play in the event that in a subsequent financing round the price per share is lower than in the current investment (a "down round").

Avoids reduction in Investor’s equity holdings

Two primary alternatives (Depend on Investors’ Demand):

(a) “Full Ratchet” – adjusts conversion price based upon price per share of down round regardless of number of new shares issued – hardest for founders

(b) “Weighted Average” – adjusts conversion price based upon number of new shares issued at lower price, based on customary formula
BONUS #1: The Lawyer’s Role in Venture Deals

- To “translate” complex terms and explain “real” impact
- To expedite pace of transaction
- To help company to build relationship with investors
- To act as bridge between investors and company
- To keep comments on documents to a minimum
BONUS #2: Type of Stock to be Purchased by Investors

1. Common vs. Preferred

2. Series of Stock Upon Conversion of Preferred:
   
   (a) Single class of common; or

   (b) New class of common with preferential voting, or other additional rights
BONUS #3: Capitalization and Employee Stock Option Pool

- Capitalization Table based upon pre-money founder’s ownership then adjusted based upon pre-money valuation and amount of investment
- Employee Stock Option Pool – typically from 5%-10% of outstanding equity on a fully diluted basis
**BONUS #4: Dividends: Cumulative vs. Non-Cumulative**

Dividend rate usually set at 5%-8%

**Common Forms:**

(a) *Cumulative Dividends* – will accrue whether or not declared. Upon liquidation event or redemption, Investor is entitled to all accrued and unpaid dividends (market)

(b) *Non-Cumulative Dividends* – available only when declared by the board, but rate set in transaction documents.
Top 5 Critical Deal Terms

1. Reverse Vesting of Founder Stock (Mandatory Minimum Employment Period)

2. Funding Model – One Payment or Multiple Payments

3. Liquidation Preferences and Redemption

4. Board Composition and Protective Provisions

5. Conversion and Anti-Dilution Protection

BONUS #1: The Lawyer’s Role in Venture Deals
BONUS #2: Type of Stock to be Purchased by Investors
BONUS #3: Capitalization and Employee Stock Option Pool
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Venture Capital Term Sheets 101: Your Top 5 Critical Deal Terms

➢ QUESTIONS?
Summary of Program

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Thank You

For more information, please contact:

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